AUDITING PROCEDURES REPORT

Issued under P.A. 2 of 1968, as amended. Filing is mandatory. Local Government Type:		Local Government Nam	ne:		County	v	
☐ City ☐ Township ☐ Village ☐	Other	Charter Township of Br	<u>ownstown</u>		Wayne	•	
Audit Date	Opinion D	Date	1	Date Accountant F			o State:
December 31, 2004	March 24	₊ , 2005		June 9, 2005			
We have audited the financial statement with the Statements of the Government Counties and Local Units of Government We affirm that:	tal Accounti	ing Standards Board (GAS	SB) and the <i>U</i>	Iniform Reporting			
 We have complied with the <i>Bulletin</i> We are certified public accountants 			rnment in Mich	nigan as revised.			
We further affirm the following. "Yes" reand recommendations.	sponses ha	ave been disclosed in the fi	inancial staten	nents, including the	e notes, or in	the re	port of comments
□ yes □ no 2. There are accur □ yes □ no 3. There are instar □ yes □ no 4. The local unit ha	nent units/fur mulated defin nces of non- as violated th	inds/agencies of the local ucits in one or more of this uc-compliance with the Uniform conditions of either an o	unit's unreserve orm Accounting order issued un	ed fund balances/r g and Budgeting A	retained earn Act (P.A. 2 of	ings (I 1968,	, as amended).
yes no 5. The local unit ho [MCL 129.91] or yes no 6. The local unit ha	olds deposit r P.A. 55 of as been deli	ergency Municipal Loan Acts/investments which do not 1982, as amended [MCL illinquent in distributing tax is the Constitutional requirements.	ot comply with 38.1132]) revenues that	were collected for	another taxii	ng uni	it.
(normal costs) i normal cost req	n the currer uirement, no ses credit ca	nt year. If the plan is mono to contributions are due (pa ards and has not adopted a oted an investment policy a	re than 100% faid during the an applicable p	funded and the ov year) policy as required	verfunding creater by P.A. 266 c	edits a of 199	are more than the
We have enclosed the following:				Enclosed	To Be Forward		Not Required
The letter of comments and recommen	dations.						
Reports on individual federal assistance	e programs	(program audits).					
Single Audit Reports (ASLGU).							
Certified Public Accountant (Firm Name	e): P	LANTE & MOF	RAN, PL	LC			
Street Address			City		State	ZIF)
27400 Northwestern Highway			Southfield		MI	480	034
Accountant Signature							
Plante & Moran,	0110						

Charter Township of Brownstown Wayne County, Michigan

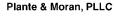
Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
December 31, 2004

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27400 Northwestern Highway P.O. Box 307 Southfield, MI 48037-0307 Tel: 248.352.2500 Fax: 248.352.0018 plantemoran.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Charter Township Board Charter Township of Brownstown Wayne County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Charter Township of Brownstown as of and for the year ended December 31, 2004, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Charter Township of Brownstown's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Charter Township of Brownstown as of December 31, 2004 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and required supplemental information (as identified in the table of contents) are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplemental information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management, regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.



To the Township Board Charter Township of Brownstown Wayne County, Michigan

The accompanying other supplemental information, as identified in the table of contents, is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplemental information is presented for the purpose of additional analysis. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Charter Township of Brownstown's basic financial statements. The other supplemental information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

March 24, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of the Charter Township of Brownstown's financial performance provides an overview of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004. Please read it in conjunction with the Township's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As discussed in further detail in this discussion and analysis, the following represents the most significant financial highlights for the year ended December 31, 2004:

- The DDA issued \$15,000,000 in bonds to purchase \$14,265,000 of land for the Town Center Development to be sold to developers in future years. Both the land and the related debt are recorded in the DDA.
- State-shared revenue, our second largest revenue source, was reduced by the State of Michigan by approximately \$182,000 (7.3 percent) for 2004 from the 2003 figure.
- The General Fund unreserved fund balance decreased by \$257,000 in 2004. This was primarily caused by the transfer to the Police Operation Fund to pay for the recording of anticipated expenditures for police retroactive pay and benefits for 2003 and 2004. The amount designated for subsequent year's budget increased by \$183,500.
- The 2003 taxable value of the Township increased by 8.7 percent (the value used to calculate 2004 tax revenue), while the taxable value in the DDA district increased by 12.3 percent.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Township as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Township's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year, and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Township's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Township's most significant funds. The fiduciary fund statements provide financial information about activities for which the Township acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Township as a Whole

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of the current date and compared to the prior year:

Summary Condensed Statement of Net Assets

	 Governmen	ntal A	Activities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Total					
	2004		2003		2004		2003		2004		2003		
Assets													
Current assets	\$ 14,109,000	\$	14,588,000	\$	8,090,000	\$	11,672,000	\$	22,199,000	\$	26,260,000		
Noncurrent assets	 22,931,000	_	22,547,000		63,557,000	_	60,652,000	_	86,488,000		83,199,000		
Total assets	37,040,000		37,135,000		71,647,000		72,324,000		108,687,000		109,459,000		
Liabilities													
Current liabilities	10,832,000		9,908,000		3,985,000		3,894,000		14,817,000		13,802,000		
Long-term liabilities	 9,344,000		9,628,000	_	13,232,000	_	14,636,000	_	22,576,000	_	24,264,000		
Total liabilities	 20,176,000		19,536,000		17,217,000	_	18,530,000	_	37,393,000	_	38,066,000		
Net Assets													
Invested in capital assets -													
Net of related debt	12,791,000		12,490,000		46,615,000		42,484,000		59,406,000		54,974,000		
Restricted	409,000		583,000		1,675,000		1,661,000		2,084,000		2,244,000		
Unrestricted	 3,664,000	_	4,526,000	_	6,140,000	_	9,649,000	_	9,804,000	_	14,175,000		
Total net assets	\$ 16,864,000	\$	17,599,000	\$	54,430,000	\$	53,794,000	\$	71,294,000	\$	71,393,000		

The Township's combined net assets decreased less than I percent from a year ago, decreasing from \$71,393,000 to \$71,294,000. As we look at the governmental activities separately from the business-type activities, we can see that net assets decreased by \$735,000 in governmental type and increased by \$636,000 in business type.

Unrestricted net assets, the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations, decreased by \$862,000 for the governmental activities. This represents a decrease of approximately 19 percent. The current level of unrestricted net assets for our governmental activities stands at \$3,664,000, or about 22 percent of program expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following table shows the changes of the net assets during the current year and as compared to the prior year:

Summary Condensed Income Statement

		Government	al A	ctivities		Business-ty	pe A	Activities	Total			
		2004		2003		2004		2003		2004		2003
Revenue												
Program revenue:												
Charges for services	\$	5.152.000	\$	5.127.000	\$	6.352.000	\$	5.830.000	\$	11.504.000	\$	10.957.000
Operating grants and	•	-,,	•	-,,	*	-,,	•	-,,	•	, ,	•	, ,
contributions		185,000		444,000		4,000		_		189,000		444,000
Capital grants and		,		,		-,				,		,
contributions		1,158,000		2,209,000		87,000		1,555,000		1,245,000		3,764,000
General revenue:		.,,		_,,		,		.,,		.,,.		_,,
Property taxes		6,928,000		6,297,000		1,496,000		1,421,000		8,424,000		7,718,000
State-shared revenue		2,294,000		2,476,000		· · ·		, , , -		2,294,000		2,476,000
Investment earnings		72,000		71,000		122,000		109,000		194,000		180,000
Cable franchise fees		237,000		227,000		_		· <u>-</u>		237,000		227,000
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		(9,000)		(45,000)		_		1,000		(9,000)		(44,000)
Miscellaneous		15,000		12,000		_		-		15,000		12,000
Transfers and other												
revenue (expense)		33,000	_	24,000		(33,000)		(24,000)				
Total revenue		16,065,000		16,842,000		8,028,000		8,892,000		24,093,000		25,734,000
Program Expenses												
General government		2,730,000		3,681,000		-		-		2,730,000		3,681,000
Public safety		9,233,000		8,703,000		-		-		9,233,000		8,703,000
Public works		1,773,000		1,252,000		-		-		1,773,000		1,252,000
Community and economic												
development		1,397,000		1,504,000		-		-		1,397,000		1,504,000
Recreation and culture		1,253,000		1,000,000		-		-		1,253,000		1,000,000
Interest on long-term debt		414,000		478,000		-		-		414,000		478,000
Water and sewer	_				_	7,392,000		7,035,000		7,392,000		7,035,000
Total program												
expenses		16,800,000		16,618,000	_	7,392,000	_	7,035,000	_	24,192,000		23,653,000
Change in Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	(735,000)	\$	224,000	\$	636,000	\$	1,857,000	\$	(99,000)	\$	2,081,000

Governmental Activities

The Township's total governmental revenues decreased by approximately \$777,000. This decrease, which represents 4.6 percent, was primarily due to capital asset purchases contributed to the general government by the DDA in 2003. Property taxes increased by \$631,000, but state-shared revenue, building permits, and operating grants decreased.

Expenses increased by about \$182,000 (I percent) during the year. Even though expenses increased in the General, Police Operation, and Fire Protection Funds by approximately \$1.1 million, these increases were offset by decreases in the Capital Projects and Fire Improvement Funds of \$783,000. Other governmental funds had increases or decreases in smaller amounts, resulting in the net increase of only I percent.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Business-type Activities

The Township's business-type activities consist of the Water and Sewer Funds. We provide water to residents from the Detroit water system. We provide sewage treatment through the South Huron Valley Utility Authority and the Downriver Sewerage System. The net assets of both activities increased in 2004 partly due to contribution of water mains from developers and an increase in the Township's investment in the South Huron Valley Utility Authority.

The Township's Funds

Our analysis of the Township's major funds begins on page 11, following the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detail information about the most significant funds, not the Township as a whole. The Township board creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as special property tax millages. The Township's major governmental-type funds for 2004 include the General Fund, the Police Operation Fund, the Fire Protection Fund, and the Capital Improvement Fund. The business-type funds are the Sanitary Sewer Fund and the Water Fund.

The General Fund pays for most of the Township's governmental services including transfers to Police and Fire Funds to balance their budgets. The most significant costs are police and fire activities, which incurred expenses of approximately \$5,262,000 and \$3,136,000, respectively, in 2004. These two services are supported by special millages that are recorded in their individual Special Revenue Funds. These funds also record the transfers from the General Fund. The amount transferred from the General Fund is determined by the amount needed to balance the budgets as approved by the Township board. During the current year, this amounted to approximately \$2,010,000. This transfer was about \$255,000 more than the prior year. The increased reliance on the General Fund was primarily because the anticipated police retroactive pay and benefits for 2003 and 2004 for the MAP union were recorded in the current year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Township amended the budget to take into account events during the year. The most significant change was to increase the operating transfers to police and fire funds by a total of \$280,000 and increase the estimated special assessment revenue for sanitation collection by \$189,000 and building and inspection fees and permits by \$155,000 along with corresponding expenditures. The budget for state-shared revenue was decreased by \$237,000. The increase in building and inspection fees is related to continuing growth in building activity within the Township. Most departmental budgets were amended upward to account for the increase in health insurance premiums. Township departments overall stayed below the amended budget amounts, resulting in total expenditures and transfers of \$189,000 below budget. The overall actual expenditures and transfers were greater than revenue so the General Fund's undesignated fund balance decreased from \$1,821,000 a year ago to \$1,380,000 at December 31, 2004, representing 9.2 percent of 2005 combined budgeted expenditures for the General Fund and Police Operation and Fire Protection Funds. Last year this figure was 13 percent of 2004 combined budgeted expenditures for the same funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of 2004, the Township had \$83,000,000 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, police and fire equipment, and water and sewer lines net of related accumulated depreciation. In addition, the Township has invested significantly in roads within the Township. These assets, worth nearly \$4,775,000, net of related accumulated depreciation, are reported in the Township's financial statements as investment in infrastructure. Because Michigan law makes these roads the property of Wayne County Road Commission, along with the responsibility to maintain them, they are listed road usage rights.

During 2004, the Township's component unit, the Downtown Development Authority, purchased two pieces of property along King Road between the bus garage and historical building for a total of \$422,000 to be used for Township purposes and floated \$15,000,000 in bonds to purchase approximately 75 acres of property in the West Road/Telegraph Road area that will be sold to developers in the future to construct the Town Center Project. This project is a proposed "new urbanism" concept designed to bring retail, residential, commercial, civic, and recreational spaces together in a pedestrian-friendly environment. The residential portion will consist of single-family detached houses, single-family attached townhouses, and multi-family apartments. The commercial portion will entail retail stores and office space.

During the year, the Township retired approximately \$1.9 million of debt. At the end of the year, the Township had \$9.3 million in bonds and notes outstanding for governmental-type activities compared to \$9.8 million at December 31, 2003, while business-type activities, all in the Sewer Fund, had \$14.0 million outstanding at the end of the year compared to \$15.4 million in the prior year.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Township's budget for next year calls for property tax rates a tenth of a mill less than levied for the 2004 budget. This can be accomplished because of the strong growth in our tax base. Because of the impact of Proposal A, however, the Township needs to continue to watch its budget very closely. The statewide Tax Reform Act limits growth in taxable value on any individual property to the lesser of inflation or 5 percent. Because some properties increase in value by less than inflation, the mathematical result of this is that the total taxable value for the Township will grow less than by inflation, before considering new property additions.

We anticipate the water rates will increase in 2005 equal to the rate increase imposed by the Detroit water board as permitted per Township ordinance.

Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to show the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the clerk's office.

Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2004

	 F	Primai	y Government			<u></u>			
	vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities			Total	_	Component Unit - Downtown Development Authority		
Assets									
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$ 7,965,477	\$	6,133,567	\$	14,099,044	\$	5,242,126		
Receivables - Net (Note 4)	6,121,862		1,908,947		8,030,809		4,565		
Inventories	15,619		46,978		62,597		_		
Prepaid costs and other assets	5,858		423		6,281		_		
Long-term receivable - Lease agreements	78,000		_		78,000		_		
Restricted assets (Note 9)	-		1,675,361		1,675,361		2,338,162		
Investment in joint venture (Note 14)	1,002,440		662,906		1,665,346		-		
Land held for resale (Note 8)	-		-		-		14,265,000		
Nondepreciable capital assets (Note 5)	4,188,969		10,226,020		14,414,989		14,203,000		
1 , , ,			50,992,308		68,654,483		=		
Depreciable capital assets - Net (Note 5)	 17,662,175		30,772,306	_	00,034,403	_			
Total assets	37,040,400		71,646,510		108,686,910		21,849,853		
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	581.813		614.956		1.196.769		68,494		
Accrued and other liabilities	466,760		62,659		529,419		-		
Deposits	73,982		243,745		317,727		_		
Escrows	649,450		55,149		704,599		_		
Deferred revenue (Note 4)	8,229,434		1,558,512		9,787,946		3,523,294		
Compensated absences:	0,227, 13 1		1,330,312		7,707,710		3,323,271		
Due within one year	335,358		35,292		370.650				
•	518,438		9.855		528.293		-		
Due in more than one year	310,430		,		,		2 072 040		
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets (Note 9) Long-term debt (Note 7):	-		591,161		591,161		2,073,948		
Due within one year	495,654		823,393		1,319,047		-		
Due in more than one year	 8,825,184		13,222,138	_	22,047,322	_	15,000,000		
Total liabilities	 20,176,073		17,216,860		37,392,933		20,665,736		
Net Assets									
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt	12,791,316		46,614,609		59,405,925				
Restricted:	,,,		,,		01,100,120				
Construction code activities (Note 2)	171,236		_		171,236		_		
Solid waste	113,843				113,843				
Drug forfeiture	123,856		-		123,856		-		
_	123,030		514.848		514,848		-		
Capital projects Debt service	-		1.160.513				-		
	-		, ,		1,160,513		-		
Unrestricted	 3,664,076		6,139,680		9,803,756	_	1,184,117		
Total net assets	\$ 16,864,327	\$	54,429,650	\$	71,293,977	\$	1,184,117		

			Program Revenues									
					0	perating	Ca	pital Grants				
			C	Charges for	Gı	rants and		and				
	Expenses		Services		Cor	ntributions	Contributions					
Functions/Programs												
Primary government:												
Governmental activities:												
General government	\$	2,730,163	\$	1,643,690	\$	41,695	\$	571,028				
Public safety		9,232,589		1,156,808		36,110		586,702				
Public works		1,772,711		769,802		57,270		=				
Community and economic development		1,396,970		1,210,559		-		-				
Recreation and culture		1,253,343		371,162		50,350		-				
Interest on long-term debt		413,691		-		-		-				
Total governmental activities		16,799,467		5,152,021		185,425		1,157,730				
Business-type activities - Water and sewer		7,392,452		6,352,152		3,784		86,660				
Total primary government	<u>\$</u>	24,191,919	\$	11,504,173	\$	189,209	<u>\$</u>	1,244,390				
Component unit - Downtown Development Authority	\$	2,509,691	<u>\$</u>		\$		<u>\$</u>					

General revenues:

Property taxes

State-shared revenues

Investment earnings

Cable franchise fees

Loss on sale of capital assets

Miscellaneous

Transfers/Contributions

Total general revenues and transfers/contributions

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning of year

Net Assets - End of year

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2004

Net	t (Expense) Revenu	ie and	Changes in Ne	et Assets
	Primary Governr	nent		
Government	al Business-type			
Activities	Activities		Total	Component Unit
\$ (473,75	- (0)	\$	(473,750)	\$ -
(7,452,96	,	Ψ	(7,452,969)	-
(945,63	,		(945,639)	_
(186,41	,		(186,411)	_
(831,83	•		(831,831)	_
(413,69	•		(413,691)	_
(110,01	<u> </u>		(110,011)	
(10,304,29			(10,304,291)	-
	(949,856	<u> </u>	(949,856)	
(10,304,29	(949,856	5)	(11,254,147)	-
-	-		-	(2,509,691)
6,927,94	8 1,496,388	3	8,424,336	2,895,132
2,294,04			2,294,043	-
72,02			193,659	27,960
237,10			237,107	,
(8,51			(8,511)	-
14,92			14,927	-
32,56	(32,563	<u> </u>		
9,570,10	0 1,585,46	<u> </u>	11,155,561	2,923,092
(734,19	635,605	5	(98,586)	413,401
17,598,51	8 53,794,045	<u> </u>	71,392,563	770,716
\$ 16,864,32	7 \$ 54,429,650	\$	71,293,977	\$ 1,184,117

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2004

				Capital	Nonmajor	Total
		Police	Fire Protection	Improvement	Governmental	Governmental
	General Fund	Operation Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 2,503,909	\$ 2,050,335	\$ 802,310	\$ 362,295	\$ 2,219,737	\$ 7,938,586
Receivables - Net (Note 4)	1,728,165	2,599,337	989,026	6,000	773,043	6,095,571
Prepaid costs and other assets	1,671	2,420	538	_	1,171	5,800
Long-term receivable - Lease agreements	-	-	-	78,000	-	78,000
Total assets	\$ 4,233,745	\$ 4,652,092	\$ 1,791,874	\$ 446,295	\$ 2,993,951	\$ 14,117,957
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 287,713	\$ 62,241	\$ 25,441	\$ 6,486	\$ 134,314	\$ 516,195
Accrued and other liabilities	99,180	263,609	33,325	_	_	396,114
Deposits	73,982	-	-	_	-	73,982
Escrows	534,450	-	-	_	115,000	649,450
Deferred revenue (Note 4)	1,380,984	4,326,242	1,733,108	84,000	1,014,691	8,539,025
Total liabilities	2,376,309	4,652,092	1,791,874	90,486	1,264,005	10,174,766
Fund Balances						
Reserved for:						
Construction code activities (Note 2)	171,236	-	-	-	-	171,236
Solid waste	113,843	-	-	-	-	113,843
Long-term receivable	-	-	-	78,000	-	78,000
Road construction	-	-	-	_	261,010	261,010
Unreserved, reported in General Fund:						
Designated for subsequent year's budget	192,038	-	-	-	-	192,038
Undesignated	1,380,319	-	-	-	-	1,380,319
Unreserved, reported in Special Revenue Funds:						
Designated for subsequent year's budget	-	-	-	49,800	66,822	116,622
Undesignated				228,009	1,402,114	1,630,123
Total fund balances	1,857,436			355,809	1,729,946	3,943,191
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,233,745	\$ 4,652,092	\$ 1,791,874	\$ 446,295	\$ 2,993,951	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the st	tatement of net a	ssets are different	t because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are no	t financial resour	ces and are not re	eported in the fun	ds		21,847,695
Investment in District Court assets is not a financial			•			1,002,440
Delinquent personal property taxes receivable are e	expected to be co	ollected over seve	eral years and are	not		
available to pay for current year expenditures	•		•			31,712
Grant revenues not received within 60 days of year	end and are not	available to pay fo	or current			
year expenditures						62,620
Ambulance fee receivables are expected to be colle	cted over severa	l years and are no	t available			
to pay for current year expenditures						131,260
Special assessment receivables are expected to be o	collected over sev	eral years and are	e not available			
to pay for current year expenditures						84,000
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the	•	-				(10,169,272)
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not due a reported in the funds	nd payable in the	current period a	nd is not			(69,319)
Not assets of governmental activiti						
Net assets of governmental activities						<u>\$ 16,864,327</u>

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended December 31, 2004

			c	Police Operation	F	Fire Protection	Capital Improvement		Nonmajor Governmental		Go	Total vernmental
	Gene	ral Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
_												
Revenue				2 21 2 27						010 700		
Property taxes		891,060	\$	3,810,075	\$	1,408,104	\$	-	\$	818,709	\$	6,927,948
Licenses and permits	1,	665,166		-		-		-		-		1,665,166
Federal grants		57,270		-		2,495		-		100,400		160,165
State-shared revenues and grants		294,043		-		-		-		-		2,294,043
Charges for services		698,339		-		-		-		-		698,339
District Court and other fines	,	959,869		-				-		-		959,869
Interest and rentals		35,623		8,469		1,567		4,487		21,877		72,023
Special assessments		755,06 4		-		-		-		-		755,064
Debt charges		-		-		-		-		639,716		639,716
Other		131,559	_	439,047	_	645,298		10,706		136,018		1,362,628
Total revenue	7,	487,993		4,257,591		2,057,464		15,193		1,716,720		15,534,961
Expenditures												
Current:												
General government	2,	351,971		-		-		-		-		2,351,971
Public safety		143,419		5,139,288		3,058,296		-		47,558		8,388,561
Community and economic development	2,	716,957		-		-		5,492		93,365		2,815,814
Recreation and culture	Ι,	101,182		-		-		-		-		1,101,182
Employee benefits and insurance		65,174		-		-		-		117,178		182,352
Other		-		-		-		-		78		78
Capital outlay		-		-		-		202,350		959,250		1,161,600
Debt service					_					887,832		887,832
Total expenditures	6,	378,703		5,139,288		3,058,296		207,842		2,105,261		16,889,390
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	l,	109,290		(881,697)		(1,000,832)		(192,649)		(388,541)		(1,354,429)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in		566,974		1,004,072		1,078,410		-		561,371		3,210,827
Transfers out	(2,	088,532)	_	(122,375)	_	(77,578)				(887,085)		(3,175,570)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,	521,558)		881,697		1,000,832				(325,714)		35,257
Net Change in Fund Balances	(-	412,268)		-		-		(192,649)		(714,255)		(1,319,172)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	2,	269,704		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		548,458		2,444,201		5,262,363
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 1,8	57,436	\$		\$		\$	355,809	\$	1,729,946	\$	3,943,191

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2004

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (1,319,172)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation	1,574,150
In the statement of activities, the loss on sale of assets is recorded and in the funds the proceeds from sale of assets are reported	(29,778)
Depreciation on capital assets reported as part of governmental activities	(1,129,336)
Revenue reported in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources and is not reported as revenue in the governmental funds (GASB No. 33)	33,812
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)	456,869
Increase in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay is recorded when earned in the statement of activities	(334,737)
Decrease in interest expense is recorded when incurred in the statement of activities	17,272
Internal Service Funds are also included as governmental activities	 (3,271)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (734,191)

Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets December 31, 2004

		M	ajor	Enterprise Fu	nds		Se	nternal ervice -
	Sar	nitary Sewer		Water		Total		/ehicle ntenance
Assets								
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,074,771	\$	1,537,688	\$	3,612,459	\$	26,891
Investments	Ψ	2,521,108	Ψ	1,557,000	Ψ	2,521,108	Ψ	20,071
Receivables (Note 4)		1,461,316		447,631		1,908,947		26,291
Inventories		-		46,978		46,978		15,619
Prepaid costs and other assets		211		212		423		58
Total current assets		6,057,406		2,032,509		8,089,915		68,859
Noncurrent assets:								
Restricted assets (Note 9)		1,192,925		482,436		1,675,361		-
Investment in joint venture (Note 14)		662,906		-		662,906		-
Nondepreciable capital assets (Note 5)		10,226,020		-		10,226,020		-
Depreciable capital assets - Net (Note 5)		36,975,193		14,017,115	_	50,992,308		3,449
Total noncurrent assets		49,057,044		14,499,551		63,556,595		3,449
Total assets		55,114,450		16,532,060		71,646,510		72,308
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable		266,241		348,715		614,956		65,618
Accrued and other liabilities		57,853		4,806		62,659		1,328
Deposits		233,310		10,435		243,745		-
Escrows		-		55,149		55,149		-
Deferred revenue (Note 4)		1,558,512		-		1,558,512		-
Current portion of compensated absences		11,722		23,570		35,292		3,204
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets (Note 9)		591,161		-		591,161		-
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7)		823,393	_		_	823,393		
Total current liabilities		3,542,192		442,675		3,984,867		70,150
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Provision for compensated absences		3,021		6,834		9,855		2,158
Long-term debt - Net of current portion (Note 7)		13,222,138		-	_	13,222,138		
Total noncurrent liabilities		13,225,159	_	6,834	_	13,231,993		2,158
Total liabilities		16,767,351		449,509	_	17,216,860		72,308
Net Assets								
Investment in capital assets - Net of related debt		32,597,494		14,017,115		46,614,609		3,449
Restricted net assets		1,192,925		482,436		1,675,361		-
Unrestricted		4,556,680	_	1,583,000	_	6,139,680		(3,449)
Total net assets	\$	38,347,099	\$	16,082,551	\$	54,429,650	\$	-

Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended December 31, 2004

		Internal		
	Ma	ijor Enterprise Fu	nds	Service -
			- .	Vehicle
	Sanitary Sewer	Water	Total	Maintenance
Operating Revenue				
Sale of water	\$ -	\$ 3,210,406	\$ 3,210,406	\$ -
Sewage disposal charges	2,532,304	-	2,532,304	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	155,061
Other	122,903	107,954	230,857	1,216
Total operating revenue	2,655,207	3,318,360	5,973,567	156,277
Operating Expenses				
Cost of water	-	1,877,389	1,877,389	-
Cost of sewage disposal	1,327,402	-	1,327,402	-
Operation and maintenance	607,450	614,549	1,221,999	155,994
General and administrative	378,428	369,386	747,814	-
Depreciation	1,265,268	511,049	1,776,317	860
Total operating expenses	3,578,548	3,372,373	6,950,921	156,854
Operating Loss	(923,341)	(54,013)	(977,354)	(577)
Nonoperating Income (Expense)				
Property taxes	1,496,388	-	1,496,388	-
Federal grants	1,892	1,892	3,784	-
Connection fees	145,951	84,400	230,351	-
Increase in investment in joint venture	148,234	-	148,234	-
Investment income	106,076	15,560	121,636	-
Interest expense	(441,531)		(441,531)	-
Total nonoperating income (expense)	1,457,010	101,852	1,558,862	
Income (Loss) - Before capital contributions	533,669	47,839	581,508	(577)
Capital Contributions - Lines constructed				
by developers		86,660	86,660	
Total capital contributions	-	86,660	86,660	-
Transfers in from Other Funds	-	73,327	73,327	-
Transfers to Other Funds	(89,002)	(16,888)	(105,890)	(2,694)
Total transfers to/from other funds	(89,002)	56,439	(32,563)	(2,694)
Change in Net Assets	444,667	190,938	635,605	(3,271)
Net Assets - Beginning of year	37,902,432	15,891,613	53,794,045	3,271
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 38,347,099	\$ 16,082,551	<u>\$ 54,429,650</u>	<u> </u>

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2004

		Major Enterprise Funds						
							Inte	rnal Service
	Sa	nitary Sewer		Water		Total		Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities								
Receipts from customers	\$	2,457,130	\$	3,047,079	\$	5,504,209	\$	-
Payments to suppliers		(1,663,468)	((2,158,935)		(3,822,403)		(31,558)
Payments to employees		(567,341)		(630,497)		(1,197,838)		(91,992)
Internal activity - Receipts from other funds		-		-		-		151,919
Other receipts		122,903		107,954		230,857		1,216
Net cash provided by operating activities		349,224		365,601		714,825		29,585
Cash Flows from Noncapital and Related Financing Activities								
Transfers to/from other funds		(89,002)		56,439		(32,563)		(2,694)
Receipts from federal grants		1,892		1,892		3,784		-
Net seek (seed in) seesided by a seesided and								
Net cash (used in) provided by noncapital and related financing activities		(87,110)		58,331		(28,779)		(2,694)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Proceeds from property taxes		1.468.452		_		1,468,452		_
Purchase of capital assets		(4,240,270)		(191,475)		(4,431,745)		_
Connection fees		145,951		84,400		230,351		_
Principal and interest paid on capital debt		(1,436,581)		· =		(1,436,581)		_
Deposit with County for debt		(377,495)			_	(377,495)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(4,439,943)		(107,075)		(4,547,018)		-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities								
Interest received on investments		50,513		15,560		66,073		-
Purchase of investment securities	_	(1,944,180)			_	(1,944,180)		
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(1,893,667)		15,560		(1,878,107)		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(6,071,496)		332,417		(5,739,079)		26,891
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		8,653,665		1,670,306		10,323,971		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	2,582,169	\$ 2	2,002,723	\$	4,584,892	\$	26,891
Balance Sheet Classification of Cash and Cash Equivalents								
Cash and investments	\$	2,074,771	\$	1,537,688	\$	3,612,459	\$	26,891
Restricted investments (Note 3)	_	507,399		465,035	_	972,434		
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$</u>	2,582,170	\$ 2	2,002,723	\$	4,584,893	\$	26,891

Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2004

		Major Enterprise Funds						
	-		T . I	Internal Service				
	Sar	itary Sewer	Water	Total	Fund			
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash from								
Operating Activities								
Operating loss	\$	(923,341)	\$ (54,013)	\$ (977,354)	\$ (577)			
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash								
from operating activities:								
Depreciation		1,265,268	511,049	1,776,317	860			
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Receivables		(25,024)	(82,672)	(107,696)	(3,142)			
Inventories		-	(155)	(155)	328			
Prepaid costs and other assets		12	(25)	(13)	(5)			
Accounts payable		92,152	78,220	170,372	31,004			
Accrued and other liabilities		(59,843)	(86,803)	(146,646)	1,117			
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	349,224	\$ 365,601	\$ 714,825	\$ 29,585			

Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities - During 2004, the County paid principal, interest, and fees in the amount of \$402,393 on behalf of the Township related to County Sewage Disposal System Bonds. The assets held at the County for construction and debt service earned interest of \$14,953. In addition, developers contributed water fixed assets totaling \$86,660 during 2004.

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Assets and Liabilities December 31, 2004

Ą٤	gency Funds
\$	2.413.564

Assets - Cash and investments

\$ 2,413,564

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Charter Township of Brownstown (the "Township") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Charter Township of Brownstown:

Reporting Entity

The Charter Township of Brownstown is governed by an elected seven-member board of trustees. The accompanying financial statements present the Township and its component units, entities for which the Township is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are separate legal entities, in substance, they are part of the Township's operations. Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the Township.

Blended Component Units

The Brownstown Building Authority is governed by a board that is appointed by the Township's board of trustees. Although it is legally separate from the Township, it is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its primary purpose is to construct assets for the Township.

Discretely Presented Component Units

The Downtown Development Authority (the "DDA") was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the district. The DDA's governing body, which consists of nine individuals, is approved by the Township's board of trustees. In addition, the DDA's budget is subject to approval by the Township board. It is reported within the component unit column in the combined financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Township. The financial information included in the separate column is condensed. Complete financial statements of the DDA can be obtained from the Township offices at 21313 Telegraph Road, Brownstown Township, Michigan.

The Brownfield Redevelopment Financing Authority (the "Authority") was established pursuant to Public Act 381 of 1996. The Authority was created to promote revitalization of environmentally distressed areas within the boundaries of the Township. The Authority had no financial activity during the year ended December 31, 2004.

Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Jointly Governed Organization

Jointly governed organizations are discussed in Note 14.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (I) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual Enterprise Funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue, district court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period. Conversely, federal grant reimbursements, ambulance fees, and land contracts will be collected after the period of availability; receivables have been recorded for these, along with a "deferred revenue."

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Police Operation Fund and the Fire Protection Fund account for the activities of the police and fire departments requiring separate accounting because of special tax levies to fund operations.

The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for activities relating to capital acquisitions for the Township.

The Township reports the following major Enterprise Funds:

The Water Fund and Sanitary Sewer Fund account for the results of operations for providing water and sewer service to the citizens and businesses of the Township. The funds' primary revenues are generated through user charges from those requesting water and sewer services.

Additionally, the Township reports the following fund types:

The Internal Service Fund - Vehicle Maintenance Fund accounts for the financing and maintenance of Township vehicles provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the Township, or to other governments, mainly on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Agency Funds account for assets held by the Township as an agent for individuals, organizations, and other governments. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations.

Private sector standards of accounting issued prior to December I, 1989 are generally followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The Township has elected not to follow private sector standards issued after November 30, 1989 for its business-type activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Township's water and sewer function and various other functions of the Township. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of our proprietary funds relates to charges to customers for sales and services. The Water Fund and Sanitary Sewer Fund also recognize the portion of tap fees intended to recover current costs (e.g., labor and materials to hook up new customers) as operating revenue. The portion intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Property Tax Revenue

Property taxes are levied on each December I on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. Taxes are considered delinquent on March I of the following year, at which time they are added to the county tax rolls.

Property taxes billed during the month of December will be used to finance the following year's operations. As such, these taxes are recorded as deferred revenue in each respective fund at December 31.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The 2003 taxable valuation of the Township totaled \$743 million (a portion of which is abated and a portion of which is captured by the DDA), on which taxes levied consisted of 0.8730 mills for operating purposes, 2.0000 mills for fire assessment, 5.7460 mills for police operations and assessment, 0.4786 mills for police capital improvement, 1.0000 mills for sewer debt service, 0.7000 mills for SHVUA debt service, 0.4786 mills for fire capital improvement, 0.4786 mills for road capital improvement, and 0.5000 mills for EPA. This resulted in \$497,000 for operating purposes, \$1.4 million for fire assessment, \$3.8 million for police operations and assessment, \$272,000 for police capital improvement, \$569,000 for sewer debt service, \$528,000 for SHVUA debt service, \$272,000 for fire capital improvement, \$272,000 for road capital improvement, and \$377,000 for EPA. These amounts, in addition to collection fees, interest, and penalties, are recognized in the respective General, Special Revenue, and Enterprise Funds financial statements as tax revenue.

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Bank Deposits and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. To the extent that cash from various funds has been pooled, pooled investment income is generally allocated to each fund using a weighted average of balance for the principal.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectible amounts.

Inventories and Prepaid Items - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, furniture, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., road usage rights and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Township as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$2,500 and having a useful life in excess of one year, although assets purchased under that threshold may be capitalized at the Township's discretion. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Road usage rights	20 years
Land improvements	15 to 20 years
Utility systems	40 to 45 years
Buildings and improvements	20 to 50 years
Vehicles	5 to 15 years
Office furnishings	10 to 20 years
Other tools, machinery, and equipment	5 to 20 years

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave) - It is the Township's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. All vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end.

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Equity - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

State Construction Code Act - The Township oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The Township charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative surplus or shortfall generated since January I, 2000 is as follows:

Cumulative surplus at January 1, 2004	\$	296,868
Current year building permit revenue		1,189,090
Related expenses:		
Direct costs		1,210,977
Estimated indirect costs	_	103,745
Total construction code expenses	_	1,314,722
Reserved fund balance at December 31, 2004	<u>\$</u>	171,236

Fund Deficits - The Township has an accumulated fund deficit in the Special Revenue - CDBG Fund. The deficit is the result of a federal reimbursement of eligible costs not being received within 60 days of year end. The Township expects to receive these funds in the upcoming fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws, Section 129.91, authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The Township is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Township has designated eight banks for the deposit of Township funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and CDs, but not the remainder of State statutory authority as listed above.

The Charter Township of Brownstown's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

At year end, the deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	Governmenta Activities		isiness-type Activities	Fiduciary Funds	otal Primary Government	 Component Units		
Cash and investments Restricted assets (Note 9)	\$	7,965,477 <u>-</u>	\$ 6,133,567 972,434	\$ 2,413,564 	\$ 16,512,608 972,434	\$ 5,242,126 2,338,162		
Total	\$	7,965,477	\$ 7,106,001	\$ 2,413,564	\$ 17,485,042	\$ 7,580,288		

The breakdown between deposits and investments for the Township is as follows:

	Primary	Component
	Government	Units
Bank deposits (checking accounts, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit) Investments in securities and similar vehicles Petty cash or cash on hand	\$ 17,204,855 278,637 1,550	\$ 7,580,288 - -
Total	\$ 17,485,042	\$ 7,580,288

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Deposits

The bank balance of the Township's deposits is \$12,653,000, of which \$602,000 is covered by federal depository insurance and \$12,051,000 is uninsured and uncollateralized. The Township believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Township evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits Township funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

The component unit's deposits had a bank balance of \$7,580,000, of which \$200,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$7,380,000 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

The Township's investments during the year consisted of bank investment pools of \$278,637. The bank investment pools are regulated by the Michigan Banking Act, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. Investments are normally categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the Township; however, these funds are not categorized because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The Township believes that the investments in these funds comply with the investment authority noted above.

Note 4 - Receivables and Deferred Revenue

Receivables as of year end for the Township's individual major funds, the nonmajor and Internal Service Funds in the aggregate, and the component unit are as follows:

										Nonmajor						
				Police		Fire		Capital	G	overnmental						
		General	(Operation	Р	rotection	lm	provement	;	and Other	Sar	nitary Sewer				
	_	Fund		Fund	_	Fund		Fund		Funds Fund		W	ater Fund	_	Total	
Receivables:																
Taxes	\$	812,046	\$	2,555,228	\$	853,121	\$	-	\$	700,363	\$	1,006,015	\$	-	\$	5,926,773
Accounts		-		-		156,262		-		-		423,081		429,686		1,009,029
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		62,617		-		-		62,617
Interest and other		916,119		44,109		4,645		6,000		36,354		32,220		17,945		1,057,392
Less allowance for																
uncollectibles	_		_		_	(25,002)	_						_		_	(25,002)
Net receivables	\$	1,728,165	\$	2,599,337	\$	989,026	\$	6,000	\$	799,334	\$	1,461,316	\$	447,631	\$	8,030,809

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 4 - Receivables and Deferred Revenue (Continued)

The Township records deferred revenue for property taxes billed as of December I that are to be used in the next year's budget. In addition, governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue reflected in governmental funds are as follows:

	Ur	navailable	 Jnearned
Land contracts	\$	84,000	\$ -
Property taxes for subsequent year		-	8,193,628
Delinquent property taxes		31,711	-
Grant reimbursement		62,620	-
Lien reimbursement		-	35,806
Ambulance fees - Net of allowance	-	131,260	
Total	\$	309,591	\$ 8,229,434

Deferred revenue in business-type activities and the component unit consists of unearned property taxes for the subsequent year.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Township's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance January I, 2004 Additions				posals and justments	Balance December 31, 2004			
General fixed assets - Land	\$	3,735,443	\$	453,526	\$ -	\$	4,188,969		
General fixed assets being depreciated:									
Road usage rights		5,948,937		595,503	-		6,544,440		
Land improvements		568,700		107,249	-		675,949		
Buildings and improvements		12,013,374		4,800	-		12,018,174		
Vehicles		3,401,767		280,594	120,609		3,561,752		
Office furnishings		646,403		16,658	-		663,061		
Other tools, machinery, and equipment	_	2,245,846	_	115,820	 		2,361,666		
Subtotal		24,825,027		1,120,624	120,609		25,825,042		
Accumulated depreciation:									
Road usage rights		1,456,808		312,334	-		1,769,142		
Land improvements		306,847		30,422	-		337,269		
Buildings and improvements		2,542,306		235,710	-		2,778,016		
Vehicles		1,620,195		265,720	90,830		1,795,085		
Office furnishings		222,127		44,414	-		266,541		
Other tools, machinery, and equipment		979,527		240,736			1,220,263		
Subtotal	_	7,127,810		1,129,336	 90,830		8,166,316		
Net general fixed assets being depreciated	_	17,697,217		(8,712)	 29,779		17,658,726		
Net general fixed assets		21,432,660		444,814	29,779		21,847,695		
Internal service assets: Internal service assets being depreciated -									
Other tools, machinery, and equipment Accumulated depreciation - Other tools,		12,342		-	-		12,342		
machinery, and equipment		8,033		860	 		8,893		
Net internal service assets being depreciated		4,309		(860)	 		3,449		
Net total capital assets	\$	21,436,969	\$	443,954	\$ 29,779	\$	21,851,144		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

	Balance January I,		Disposals and	Balance December 31,				
	2004	Additions	Adjustments	2004				
Business-type Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 203,749	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 203,749				
Construction in progress	6,036,753	3,985,518		10,022,271				
Subtotal	6,240,502	3,985,518	-	10,226,020				
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Utility systems	63,309,503	466,342	-	63,775,845				
Buildings and improvements	10,472,085	-	-	10,472,085				
Vehicles	540,942	61,922	-	602,864				
Other tools, machinery, and equipment	778,117	4,623		782,740				
Subtotal	75,100,647	532,887	-	75,633,534				
Accumulated depreciation:								
Utility systems	21,131,950	1,414,907	-	22,546,857				
Buildings and improvements	883,686	237,651	-	1,121,337				
Vehicles	385,331	65,909	-	451,240				
Other tools, machinery, and equipment	463,942	57,850		521,792				
Subtotal	22,864,909	1,776,317		24,641,226				
Net capital assets being depreciated	52,235,738	(1,243,430)		50,992,308				
Net capital assets	\$ 58,476,240	\$ 2,742,088	<u> - </u>	\$ 61,218,328				

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 436,477
Public safety	585,113
Public works	10,542
Community and economic development	15,306
Recreation and culture	81,898
Internal Service Fund depreciation is charged to various	
functions based on their usage of the asset	 860
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,130,196
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 1,265,268
Sewer	 511,049
Total business-type activities	\$ 1,776,317

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 6 - Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers is as follows:

Fund Providing Resources	Fund Receiving Resources		Amount		
General Fund	Police Operation Fund Fire Protection Fund Retiree Insurance Fund	(I) (2)	\$ 932,077 1,078,410 78,045		
	Total General Fund		2,088,532		
Police Operation Fund	Retiree Insurance Fund		122,375		
Fire Protection Fund	Retiree Insurance Fund		77,578		
Sanitary Sewer Fund	Water Fund Retiree Insurance Fund	(4)	73,327 15,675		
	Total Sanitary Sewer Fund		89,002		
Water Fund	Retiree Insurance Fund		16,888		
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund Police Operation Fund Debt Service Fund	(3) (1)	566,974 71,995 248,116		
	Total nonmajor governmental funds		887,085		
Internal Service Fund	Retiree Insurance Fund		2,694		
	Total		\$ 3,284,154		

- (I) Transfer for police operation expenditures
- (2) Transfer for fire protection expenditures
- (3) Transfer for police and fire capital improvements and road improvements
- (4) Transfer for funding of half the cost of water meters purchased

Additionally, the Downtown Development Authority (DDA) is paying certain dollars to the Township for police and fire services based on the area covered by the DDA. The total amount spent by the DDA related to these services during 2004 was \$350,000.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 7 - Long-term Debt

The Township issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Township. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government.

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

		Principal Beginning			Addition/			Due Within		
	Interest Rate	Maturity Ranges		Balance	(F	Reductions)	Ending Balance		One Year	
Governmental Activities General obligation bonds:										
Police Facility Bonds - 1997	4.800% -	\$135,000 -	\$	6.135.000	\$	(125,000)	\$	6,010,000	\$	135.000
Amount of issue - \$6,765,000 Maturing through 2022	7.250%	\$450,000	,	2,122,222	Ť	(,,	•	2,222,222	,	,
Township Hall Renovation Bonds: Amount of issue - \$1,200,000 Maturing through 2017	3.750% - 4.625%	\$60,000 - \$115,000		1,150,000		(55,000)		1,095,000		60,000
Capital Improvement Road Bonds - 2003 Amount of issue - \$995,000 Maturing through 2013	2.000% - 3.450%	\$85,000 - \$120,000		995,000		(65,000)		930,000		85,000
Contractual obligations: Fire truck - 2000 Loan amount - \$750,000 Maturing through 2014	5.020%	\$45,755 - \$71,813		622,707		(43,518)		579,189		45,755
Land contract - 2003 (bus garage) Contract amount - \$700,000 Payable through 2007	0.000%	\$112,500		450,000		(112,500)		337,500		112,500
Fire truck - 2003 Lease/Purchase - \$425,000 Payable through 2010	2.770%	\$57,399 - \$65,804		425,000		(55,851)		369,149		57,399
Total governmental activities			\$	9,777,707	\$	(456,869)	\$	9,320,838	\$	495,654

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

		Principal				
	Interest	Maturity	Beginning	Addition/		Due Within
	Rate	Ranges	Balance	(Reductions)	Ending Balance	One Year
Business-type Activities						
Sewer: Wayne County Sewage Disposal System Bonds - 1967 Amount of issue - \$5,000,000 Maturing through 2006	4.100%	\$235,000 - \$240,000	\$ 715,000	\$ (235,000)	\$ 480,000	\$ 240,000
Wayne County Sewage Disposal System Refunding Bonds - 1994 Amount of issue - \$3,825,500 Maturing through 2008	5.700% - 6.000%	\$175,000 - \$313,739	1,380,549	(313,740)	1,066,809	308,905
Less unamortized deferred amount on refunding			(53,799)	10,941	(42,858)	(10,941)
South Huron Valley Phase II Bonds - 1991 Amount of issue - \$2,597,912 Maturing through 2011	2.000%	\$150,368 - \$169,672	1,269,999	(148,336)	1,121,663	150,368
SHVUA Plant Expansion Bonds - 1998 Amount of issue - \$8,606,758 Maturing through 2020	2.250%	\$373,504 - \$527,106	7,451,367	(363,803)	7,087,564	373,504
Contractual obligations: DPW Building Installment Loan - 1998 Amount of issue - \$600,000 Maturing through 2013	4.800%	\$31,049 - \$53,553	432,044	(36,505)	395,539	38,296
EPA Judgment - Brownstown's Share Downriver						
Sewage Disposal System Bonds: SRF #1 Project 5117-02 - \$114,300; 2014	2.000%	\$5,266 - \$6,505	65,668	(5,266)	60,402	5,576
SRF #2 Project 5117-03 - \$877,052; 2015	2.000%	\$41,927 - \$53,731	572,692	(41,927)	530,765	42,859
SRF #5 Project 5117-15 - \$2,698,311; 2018	2.000%	\$120,954 - \$165,631	2,133,041	(121,095)	2,011,946	123,678
SRF #6 Project 5117-18,19,21 - \$192,776; 2017	2.000%	\$8,606 - \$10,242	138,472	(8,804)	129,668	8,804
EPA Judgment - Brownstown's Share Downriver Sewage Disposal System Bonds (Continued):	2.2500/		545	(22)	512	35
SRF #7 Project 5117-23 - \$731; 2017	2.250%	\$33 - \$45		(33)	512	
SRF #9 Project 5117-24, 31 - \$291,996; 2020	2.250%	\$3,051 - \$17,748	235,093	(12,855)	222,238	13,222
SRF #10 Project 5117-25, 32 - \$691,456; 2020	2.250%	\$2,374 - \$42,33 I	578,122	(41,954)	536,168	31,018
SRF #11 Project 5117-20 - \$4,313; 2020	2.250%	\$181 - \$271	3,795	(186)	3,609	186
SRF #12 1999 A & B Refunding - \$887,593; 2018	4.400%- 5.125%	\$40,638 - \$61,537	772,455	(40,586)	731,869	42,405
SRF #13 Project 5117-01 - \$7,321; 2020	2.250%	\$325 - \$454	6,426	(5,291)	1,135	325
SRF #14 Project 5117-34 - \$315,567; 2021	2.500%	\$13,032 - \$19,859	290,433	(23,742)	266,691	13,343
Subtotal - EPA			4,796,742	(301,739)	4,495,003	281,451
Less current amount payable from restricted assets			(552,391)	(5,797)	(558,188)	(558,188)
Total business-type activities			\$ 15,439,511	<u>\$ (1,393,979)</u>	\$ 14,045,532	\$ 823,393

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

		Principal				
	Interest	Maturity	Beginning			Due Within
	Rate	Ranges	Balance	Additions	Ending Balance	One Year
Component Unit						
Downtown Development Authority:						
Downtown Development Bonds	Variable	\$680,000 -	\$ -	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 15,000,000	\$ -
Amount of issue - \$15,000,000		\$1,245,000				
Maturing through 2022						

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above governmental bond and note obligations are as follows:

	G	overnmental Act	ivities	Bus	siness-type Activ	vities	Component Unit				
	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total	Principal	Interest	Total		
2005	\$ 495,654	\$ 399,515	\$ 895,169	\$ 823,395	\$ 397,345	\$ 1,220,740	\$ -	\$ 419,368	\$ 419,368		
2006	524,594	381,101	905,695	1,397,194	349,271	1,746,465	-	507,725	507,725		
2007	558,701	362,858	921,559	1,153,751	305,560	1,459,311	680,000	495,883	1,175,883		
2008	485,478	344,524	830,002	1,073,259	267,343	1,340,602	710,000	473,102	1,183,102		
2009	524,937	324,075	849,012	929,107	234,390	1,163,497	740,000	448,258	1,188,258		
2010-2014	2,906,474	1,253,231	4,159,705	4,378,401	830,110	5,208,511	4,175,000	1,844,208	6,019,208		
2015-2019	2,475,000	606,643	3,081,643	3,735,557	324,240	4,059,797	5,105,000	1,105,977	6,210,977		
2020-2022	1,350,000	97,200	1,447,200	554,868	13,363	568,231	3,590,000	230,175	3,820,175		
Total	\$ 9,320,838	\$ 3,769,147	\$ 13,089,985	\$ 14,045,532	\$ 2,721,622	\$ 16,767,154	\$ 15,000,000	\$ 5,524,696	\$ 20,524,696		

The Township has an additional liability of approximately \$404,065 recorded in the Tax Collection Fiduciary Fund for potential repayments to taxpayers as a result of the change in the State utility multipliers.

Advance and Current Refundings - In prior years, the Township defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. The old bonds are not callable. Accordingly, the trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the general purpose financial statements. At December 31, 2004, \$1,200,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

Note 8 - Land Held for Resale

During the year ended December 31, 2004, the Downtown Development Authority issued \$15,000,000 in bonds to purchase \$14,265,000 of land. Management anticipates this land will be sold to developers in conjunction with the Town Center Project and accordingly has been included as an asset in the Downtown Development Authority on the accompanying financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 9 - Restricted Assets

The balances of the restricted asset accounts reflected as business-type activities (Sanitary Sewer and Water Funds) are as follows:

Sanitary Sewer restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (to repay debt):		
To repay South Huron Valley Phase II bonds	\$	381,028
To repay SHVUA Plant Expansion bonds		126,371
Customer receivables		22,412
Prepaid and accrued interest		5,388
Downriver sewage disposal system - Assets held at the		
County for future EPA debt payments		647,726
South Huron Valley Utility Authority - Start-up costs		10,000
Total sanitary sewer restricted assets		1,192,925
Water restricted assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (for improvements) -		
Restricted for water capital improvements		465,035
Customer receivables	_	17,401
Total water restricted assets		482,436
Total restricted assets	\$	1,675,361

Current liabilities to be paid from restricted assets of the sanitary sewer and water funds consist of the following:

Bond principal payments:	
South Huron Valley Phase II bonds	\$ 150,368
SHVUA Plant Expansion bonds	126,370
EPA Sewage Disposal System bonds	281,450
Accrued interest	 32,973
Total current liabilities payable	
from restricted assets	\$ 591,161

The component unit has recorded \$2,338,162 of restricted cash from bond proceeds to be used for the Town Center Project. Current liabilities to be paid from restricted assets of the component unit consist of \$2,073,948 in payables for land acquisition relating to the Town Center Project.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 10 - Risk Management

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Township has purchased commercial insurance for medical benefits claims and participates in the Michigan Municipal League risk pool for claims relating to workers' compensation and the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority state risk pool for property loss, torts, and errors and omissions. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal League risk pool program and the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority (MMRMA) state risk pool program operate as common risk-sharing management programs for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts. For the MMRMA program, a portion of the excess insurance coverage is underwritten by the Authority itself.

Note II - Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

The Township provides pension benefits to all of its full-time employees who are at least 18 years of age and the Township contributes on behalf of the Township board through a defined contribution plan. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Salaried employees are eligible to participate the first of the month 30 days after hire. Union employees are eligible to participate the first of the month 90 days after hire. As established by the Township board, the Township contributes 11 percent to 15 percent of employees' base earnings for TPOAM union employees. In addition, the Township contributed 11 percent to 15 percent of base earnings for MAP union employees, 15 percent for COAM union employees, and 6 percent to 15 percent for IAFF fire department employees. TPOAM union employees, nonunion employees, and board members are required to contribute 5 percent of base earnings before taxes.

Also, 12 percent to 15 percent of base earnings is contributed for administrative nonunion personnel and board members. All participants may voluntarily contribute an additional amount, on an after-tax basis, not to exceed the Internal Revenue Service guidelines.

In accordance with these requirements, the Township contributed \$895,507 and employees contributed \$210,994.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 12 - Contingent Liabilities

The Township, along with several other communities in the downriver sewer system, was involved in litigation brought by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency related to violations of the U.S. Clean Water Act. As a result of the violations, the communities are obligated to upgrade the system. The Township issued bonds of approximately \$6,341,000 in prior years to pay for costs related to the system improvements. The modifications to the system are substantially complete; however, final completion bonds of approximately \$500,000 will be issued in the future.

Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits

The Township provides health care and life insurance benefits to retirees in accordance with labor contracts. The Township pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits. Currently, 15 retirees are eligible. The Township includes retirees and their dependents in its insured health care and life insurance plans, with no contribution required by the participant. Certain retirees who are not eligible for full coverage are reimbursed for Medicare premiums. Expenditures for postemployment health care and life insurance benefits are recognized as the insurance premiums become due; during the year, this amounted to approximately \$117,000. The Township obtains health care coverage through private insurers.

Upcoming Reporting Change - The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently released Statement Number 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pensions). The new rules will cause the government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the year ending December 31, 2008.

Note 14 - Joint Ventures

The Township is a member of the 33rd District Court (the "Court"), which provides services to the member communities. The Court receives its operating revenue mainly from fines and fees, in addition to annual funding provided by member communities.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 14 - Joint Ventures (Continued)

During the current year, the Township contributed approximately \$793,000 for its operations. The Township received approximately \$959,000 in revenue from Court collections, net of the debt payments discussed below. Complete financial statements for the Court can be obtained from the administrative offices at 19000 Van Horn Road, Woodhaven, MI 48183. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating communities in the near future.

In a prior year, the member communities of the Court entered into an installment purchase agreement to finance an addition to the Court facility. Under the terms of the agreement, each community is obligated for a share of the annual debt service payment. This share is proportionate to each community's relative annual case load. The balance of the total debt was \$285,818 at December 31, 2004; of that total, the Township has recorded 35.37 percent, or \$101,094, as an offset to the Township's percentage of the assets of the Court. The Township's share of the obligation is subject to change each year based on case load. The Township's share decreased from 35.52 percent to 35.37 percent for the year ended December 31, 2004, resulting in a decrease of the Township's share of the obligation. Debt service payments of \$22,207 for interest and \$32,419 for principal were deducted from the Court revenue remitted to the Township. The Township's total interest in this joint venture (including the Township's share of working capital) is \$1,002,440.

The Township is a member of the South Huron Valley Utility Authority (the The Authority is a joint venture of the charter townships of "Authority"). Brownstown, Huron, and Van Buren, the cities of Flat Rock, Gibraltar, Romulus, and Woodhaven, and the village of South Rockwood. The Authority was founded in order to acquire and operate a sewage disposal and wastewater treatment During the year, the Township contributed \$826,308 toward the operation of the system. In addition, debt payments of \$703,712, including both principal and interest, were made to the Authority. The Authority also commenced an expansion project. The Township opted to pay their portion of \$3,985,518 from reserves versus participating in the Authority's debt issue. The Township's portion of the debt is recorded in the Township's Sewer Fund. The Township's share of the capital assets and net operating excess is also reflected in the Sewer Fund. The Township's interest in this joint venture is \$508,177. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from the administrative offices at 46425 Tyler Road, Belleville, MI 48111. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2004

Note 14 - Joint Ventures (Continued)

The Township, along with 12 other communities, jointly participates in the Downriver Sewage Disposal System. The Township's share of capital assets, restricted assets (for debt service), excess operating assets, and related debt is recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund. During the year, the Township paid \$482,514 for operations of the system and \$429,188 for debt service. The Township's interest in this joint venture is \$154,729. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the administrative offices at 415 Clifford, Detroit, MI 48226. The Township is unaware of any circumstances that would cause additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future other than the items noted in Note 12.



Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2004

		Original Budget	-		Actual			ariance with Amended Budget
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	\$	2,269,704	\$	2,269,704	\$	2,269,704	\$	-
Resources (Inflows)								
Property taxes		774,110		850,345		891,060		40,715
Federal sources		-		30,000		57,270		27,270
State sources		2,541,345		2,304,345		2,294,043		(10,302)
Fees and permits		1,447,400		1,602,400		1,665,166		62,766
Fines and forfeitures		950,600		950,600		959,869		9,269
Charges for services		627,000		712,000		698,339		(13,661)
Interest income		50,500		37,500		35,623		(1,877)
Special assessments		561,500		750,500		755,064		4,564
Other		108,450		128,450		131,559		3,109
Transfer from other funds		567,652		566,974		566,974		
Total resources (inflows)		7,628,557		7,933,114		8,054,967		121,853
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)								
General government:								
Legislative		72,976		72,976		67,538		5,438
District court		800,000		800,000		792,563		7,437
Executive		214,234		207,159		201,544		5,615
Elections		125,468		111,968		108,370		3,598
Accounting		182,937		183,520		179,353		4,167
Assessor		207,739		199,019		197,631		1,388
Legal		47,000		40,000		31,976		8,024
Clerk		210,736		218,341		278,962		(60,621)
Treasurer		191,171		192,926		187,976		4,950
Tax collection		84,234		86,153		79,984		6,169
Board of Review		3,540		4,540		2,809		1,731
Personnel		119,945		120,800		120,929		(129)
Nondepartmental		302,862		208,050		102,336		105,714
Public safety - Animal control		150,860		145,360		143,419		1,941
Community and economic development:								
Building and grounds		92,000		112,000		107,910		4,090
Flood control		10,000		-		_		_
Public works		403,200		403,200		383,061		20,139
Community development		929,149		1,132,024		1,103,840		28,184
Planning		44,700		124,700		107,722		16,978
Zoning Board		11,800		22,800		19,317		3,483
Architectural Review Board		4,952		4,952		4,320		632
Sanitation		460,000		778,000		779,843		(1,843)
Economic opportunity		132,853		212,853		210,944		1,909
Recreation and culture:								
Recreation		561,465		620,614		614,133		6,481
Parks		189,829		203,379		202,038		1,341
Library		15,000		56,000		45,969		10,031
Beautification commission		12,069		12,069		9,552		2,517
Historical commission		1,506		1,506		216		1,290
Community center		204,324		226,586		229,274		(2,688)
Employee benefits and insurance		41,500		65,700		65,174		526
Transfer to other funds		1,809,054		2,088,833		2,088,532		301
Total charges to appropriations (outflows)		7,637,103	_	8,656,028	_	8,467,235	_	188,793
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$</u>	2,261,158	\$	1,546,790	\$	1,857,436	\$	310,646

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Funds - Police Operation Fund Year Ended December 31, 2004

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Resources (Inflows)						
Property taxes	4,016,385	3,818,606	3,810,075	(8,531)		
Interest income	13,000	13,000	8,469	(4,531)		
Other	366,500	366,500	439,047	72,547		
Transfer from other funds	608,980	928,621	1,004,072	75,451		
Total resources (inflows)	5,004,865	5,126,727	5,261,663	134,936		
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)						
Public safety - Police	4,901,464	4,973,326	5,139,288	(165,962)		
Transfers to other funds	103,401	153,401	122,375	31,026		
Total charges to appropriations						
(outflows)	5,004,865	5,126,727	5,261,663	(134,936)		
Fund Balance - End of year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Funds - Fire Protection Fund Year Ended December 31, 2004

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Resources (Inflows)						
Property taxes	1,501,531	1,411,393	1,408,104	(3,289)		
Federal sources	-	_	2,495	2,495		
Interest income	2,500	2,500	1,567	(933)		
Other	575,000	575,000	645,298	70,298		
Transfer from other funds	1,131,684	1,221,822	1,078,410	(143,412)		
Total resources (inflows)	3,210,715	3,210,715	3,135,874	(74,841)		
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)						
Public safety - Fire	3,136,713	3,130,713	3,058,296	72,417		
Transfers to other funds	74,002	80,002	77,578	2,424		
Total charges to appropriations						
(outflows)	3,210,715	3,210,715	3,135,874	74,841		
Fund Balance - End of year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Special Revenue Funds - Capital Improvement Fund Year Ended December 31, 2004

	 Original Budget	 Amended Budget		Actual	A	iance with mended Budget
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	\$ 548,458	\$ 548,458	\$	548,458	\$	-
Resources (Inflows)						
Interest income	5,000	5,000		4,487		(513)
Other	 6,000	 10,000		10,706		706
Total resources (inflows)	11,000	15,000		15,193		193
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)						
Community maintenance and development	9,400	9,400		5,492		3,908
Capital outlay	 77,850	 212,850		202,350		10,500
Total charges to appropriations						
(outflows)	 87,250	 222,250		207,842		14,408
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 472,208	\$ 341,208	<u>\$</u>	355,809	\$	14,601

Note to Required Supplemental Information Year Ended December 31, 2004

Budgetary Information - The Township is legally subject to the budgetary control requirements of State of Michigan P.A. 621 of 1978 (the Uniform Budgeting Act). The following is a summary of the requirements of this Act according to the State Treasurer's Bulletin for Audits of Local Units of Government in Michigan dated April 1982:

- 1. Budgets must be adopted for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.
- 2. Budgeted expenditures cannot exceed budgeted revenues and fund balance.
- 3. The budgets must be amended when necessary.
- 4. Public hearings must be held before budget adoptions.
- 5. Expenditures cannot exceed budget appropriations.
- 6. Expenditures must be authorized by a budget before being incurred.

The Township adopts its budget by budgetary center (activity/department), which is in accordance with the State's legal requirement and is the level of classification detail at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations. A comparison of actual results of operations to the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds budgets adopted by the Township board is included as required supplemental information. This comparison includes expenditure budget overruns. A comparison of actual results of operations, including budget overruns, to the nonmajor fund budgets as adopted by the Township board is available at the clerk's office for inspection.

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary date reflected in the financial statements:

- I. The Township supervisor, on or before 60 days prior to the commencement of the fiscal and budgetary year (January I), shall prepare and submit to the board a complete itemized proposed budget for the next fiscal year.
- 2. A public hearing on the budget shall be held before its final adoption, at such time and place as the board shall direct, and notice of such public hearing shall be published at least 30 days in advance thereof by the clerk.
- 3. The board shall, on or before 30 days prior to the commencement of the next fiscal year, adopt a budget for the ensuing fiscal year.

Note to Required Supplemental Information (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2004

The annual budget is prepared by the Township management and adopted by the Township board; subsequent amendments are approved by the Township board. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

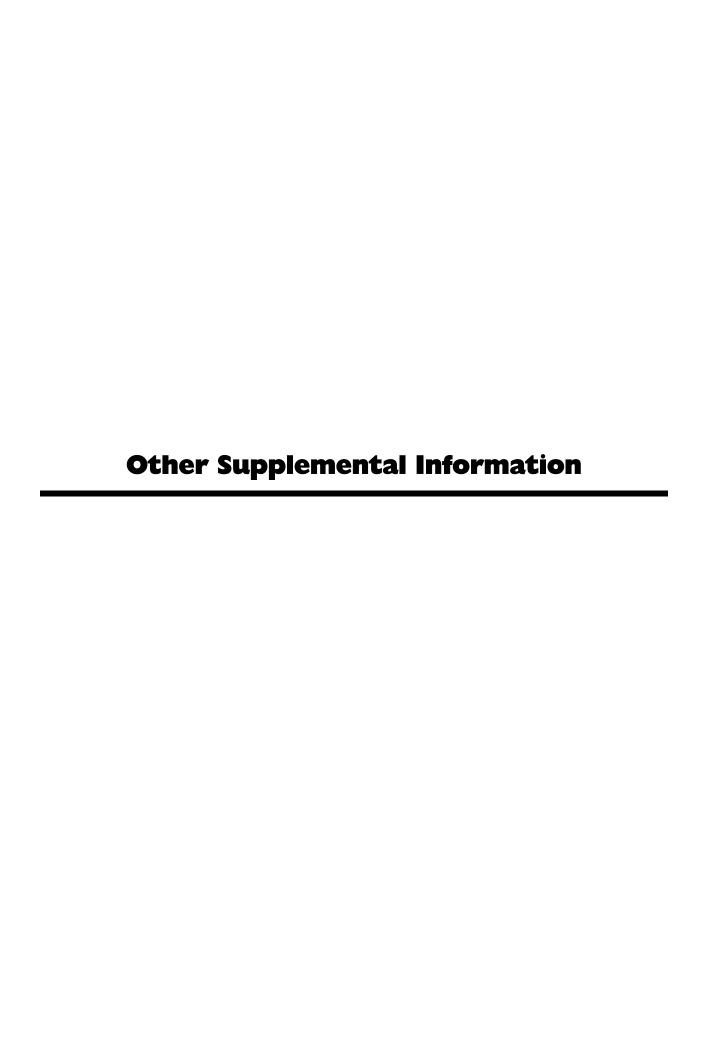
The budget has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except that transfers to/from other funds have been included in revenue and expenditures, rather than as an other financing source (use).

The budget statements are presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds - During the year, the Charter Township of Brownstown incurred expenditures that were in excess of the amounts budgeted, as follows:

	F	Amended				
	Budget			Actual		Variance
General Fund:						
Clerk	\$	218,341	\$	278,962	\$	(60,621)
Personnel		120,800		120,929		(129)
Sanitation		778,000		779,843		(1,843)
Community center		226,586		229,274		(2,688)
Police Operation Fund - Public safety - Police		4,973,326		5,139,288		(165,962)

The unfavorable clerk expenditure variance in the General Fund was caused by additional severance pay expenditures during the year. The unfavorable personnel, sanitation, and community center expenditure variances in the General Fund were caused by unanticipated expenditures that became necessary during the year. The unfavorable public safety expenditure in the Police Operation Fund was caused by an additional liability related to retroactive wages payable resulting from union negotiations.



							Spec	cial Revenue
	 CDBG	Police Fire Improvement Improvement		Road Improvement		Drug Forfeiture		
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$	122,041	\$ 291,605	\$	693,943	\$	123,856
Receivables - Net	62,617		239,758	229,707		240,96 I		-
Prepaid costs and other assets	 		<u>-</u>	 			_	
Total assets	\$ 62,617	\$	361,799	\$ 521,312	\$	934,904	\$	123,856
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 62,617	\$	2	\$ 2	\$	71, 44 3	\$	-
Escrow funds	-		-	-		115,000		-
Deferred revenue	 52,375		301,850	 301,850		322,810	_	
Total liabilities	114,992		301,852	301,852		509,253		-
Fund Balances								
Reserved for construction	-		-	-		261,010		-
Unreserved:								
Designated for subsequent year's budget	-		-	66,822		-		-
Undesignated	 (52,375)		59,947	 152,638		164,641		123,856
Total fund balances	 (52,375)		59,947	 219,460		425,651		123,856
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$ 62,617	\$	361,799	\$ 521,312	\$	934,904	\$	123,856

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2004

Fun	ds				Debt Sen	_			
	Housing ssistance	Retiree Insurance		Debt Service		Building Authority			tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	35,806 -	\$	952,236 -	\$	250 -	\$	- -	\$	2,219,737 773,043
_	-		1,171	_	-	_			1,171
\$	35,806	\$	953,407	\$	250	\$		\$	2,993,951
\$	-	\$	-	\$	250	\$	-	\$	134,314
	-		-		-		-		115,000
_	35,806					_			1,014,691
	35,806		-		250		-		1,264,005
	-		-		-		-		261,010
	-		-		-		-		66,822
	-		953,407		-				1,402,114
	<u>-</u>		953,407						1,729,946
\$	35,806	\$	953,407	\$	250	\$		\$	2,993,951

	Special Revenue									
	(CDBG	lmţ	Police provement	lm	Fire provement	lm	Road provement	F	Drug orfeiture
Revenue										
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	272,903	\$	272,903	\$	272,903	\$	-
Federal sources		40,915		59,485		-		-		-
Interest income		-		981		5,265		6,912		1,389
Debt charges		-		-		-		-		-
Other				14,899				22,183		98,936
Total revenue		40,915		348,268		278,168		301,998		100,325
Expenditures Current:										
Public safety		-		-		-		-		47,558
Community maintenance and development		93,290		-		-		-		-
Employee benefits and insurance		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		-		-		78		-
Capital outlay		-		217,896		172,728		568,626		-
Debt service										-
Total expenditures		93,290		217,896		172,728		568,704		47,558
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)										
Expenditures		(52,375)		130,372		105,440		(266,706)		52,767
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out				(150,000)		(291,415)		(373,675)		(71,995)
Total other financing										
sources (uses)				(150,000)		(291,415)		(373,675)		(71,995)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(52,375)		(19,628)		(185,975)		(640,381)		(19,228)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year				79,575		405,435		1,066,032		143,084
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	(52,375)	\$	59,947	\$	219,460	\$	425,651	\$	123,856

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2004

F	unds		Debt Service Funds			_		
using stance		Retiree nsurance	De	ebt Service		Building uthority		tal Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$ - - 75 - - - 75	\$	7,255 - - - 7,255	\$	- - - 112,499 - -	\$	527,217 - 527,217	\$	818,709 100,400 21,877 639,716 136,018
- 75 - - -		- - 117,178 - - -		- - - - 360,615		- - - - - 527,217		47,558 93,365 117,178 78 959,250 887,832
 75 -		(109,923)		360,615		<u>527,217</u> -		2,105,261
 - -		313,255		248,116		- - -		561,371 (887,085)
 <u>-</u> - -		313,255 203,332 750,075		248,116 - -				(325,714) (714,255) 2,444,201
\$ -	\$	953,407	\$		\$	-	\$	1,729,946

Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2004

	Agency Funds			
	School and	_		
	County	Collection	Totals	
Assets - Cash and investments	\$ 12,101	\$ 2,401,463	\$ 2,413,564	
Liabilities - Due to other governmental units	\$ 12,101	\$ 2,401,463	\$ 2,413,564	





27400 Northwestern Highway P.O. Box 307 Southfield, MI 48037-0307 Tel: 248.352.2500 Fax: 248.352.0018 plantemoran.com

March 24, 2005

To the Board of Trustees Charter Township of Brownstown 21313 Telegraph Road Brownstown, MI 48183

Dear Board Members:

We recently completed the audit of the financial statements of the Charter Township of Brownstown for the year ended December 31, 2004. We would like to take this opportunity to compliment your staff and management for the overall positive condition of the financial records and related documentation. As part of the audit, we offer the following comments and recommendations for your consideration.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

The Township continues to maintain an appropriate level of fund balance, which is critical to maintaining cash flow and hedging against unforeseen expenses. As of December 31, 2004, the General Fund's undesignated fund balance is \$1,380,000. As you know, a general rule of thumb as to an adequate level of fund balance is to maintain a fund balance of at least 10 percent to 20 percent of one year's worth of expenditures. The current undesignated fund balance, when compared to annual expenditures of the General Fund (including total expenditures of the Police and Fire Fund) is 9 percent.

Given the uncertain economic times and the struggles that some of the older, more built-up communities are facing, the Township should consider developing a 5- or 10-year financial projection. This projection would serve as a management tool for decision-making related to facilities, staffing, etc. Projecting the extent to which the impact of flat or decreasing state-shared revenue, lowered investment earnings, and increasing expenditures such as health care may be offset with the growing property tax base would be helpful for future spending decisions.

ACCOUNTING AND AUDITING ITEMS

Town Center Project

In December 2004, the Township's Downtown Development Authority (DDA) issued \$15 million in bonds for the purchase of land to be used for the development of a downtown area. The DDA balance sheet now includes both the \$15,000,000 in debt, along with an asset of \$14,265,000 representing the land held for resale.

Also, as of December 31, 2004, approximately \$2.3 million of the bond proceeds remained unspent. This amount has been reflected as a restricted asset in the DDA.

Internal Control Considerations

In any organization, achieving the optimal level of segregation of duties is difficult at best and often involves cost versus benefit decisions. Nevertheless, we would like to take this opportunity to remind you of the importance of maintaining offsetting controls in your system. We offer the following items for your consideration regarding the internal control structure:

- During our testing of the Township's cash disbursement system, we noted a
 disbursement which, according to the Township's newly adopted purchasing policy,
 would have required a purchase order and the solicitation of three bids prior to the
 actual purchase. The purchase order was not prepared and bids not solicited. We
 encourage the Township to follow the purchasing policy, including purchase orders and
 proper bid solicitation. This will help to ensure that expenditures are properly approved
 and within budget.
- During our review of the Township's bank reconciliation process, several of the months selected for testing did not have formal documentation of review. We encourage the accounting department to initial or sign off on bank reconciliations as documentation of review.
- We suggest that the Township assign meter readers to sections of the Township on a rotating basis in order to avoid continuously reading the same section.
- We noted that only one signature is required on checks. In order to document the segregation of duties between the preparer and signer of checks, we suggest someone from the Clerk's office initial the check register as documentation of approval before the checks are sent to the Treasurer's office for payment.
- We noted security deposit liabilities in the Sewer Fund which have been outstanding for five years or greater. Although the amounts are not significant to the Township's financial statements, we nevertheless encourage the Township to research the propriety of these deposits. Amounts may ultimately need to be refunded or recorded as revenue in the Township's Sewer Fund.
- During our review of the Township's community center and police department cash receipt controls, it was noted that pre-numbered cash receipts are used for cash collections. We recommend that, as an added control, the numerical sequencing of these receipts be reviewed on a regular basis.

LEGISLATIVE UPDATES

Revenue Sharing

State-shared revenue accounts for approximately 31 percent of the Township's total General Fund revenue. Because of slower than anticipated growth in the State's sales tax collections (the sole source of revenue-sharing payments to local units of government) and the State's budget problems which have resulted in additional appropriation reductions to the revenue-sharing line item in the State's budget, revenue-sharing payments for the last several years have been lower than anticipated.

Although sales tax revenue would support an increase to total state-shared revenue payments, the State's budget situation remains troublesome at best. As you are probably aware, the governor's budget for the State's 2004/2005 fiscal year contained a provision to not pay counties statutory revenue sharing (the counties' only source of revenue sharing). Instead, the counties will change their property tax levy date for their operating millage from December to July (beginning in 2005). A portion of the additional funds generated from the early property tax levy will be used by the counties over a multiple-year period to replace statutory revenue sharing that will not be paid by the State. The plan calls for the return of statutory revenue sharing for the counties when their restricted monies from the early levy run out. A key part to this plan allows the State to hold revenue-sharing payments to cities, villages, and townships for the State's 2004/2005 fiscal year at the prior year levels. This plan was recently approved by the Michigan legislature and signed by the governor.

It is generally acknowledged that the State's budget woes will continue for several more years. The governor recently announced that another \$500 million shortfall exists for the State's 2005/2006 fiscal year budget (the State's 2005/2006 fiscal year budget will be introduced by the governor in early 2005). Also, during October 2004, the governor announced that her administration may introduce a significant tax restructuring proposal shortly. Specific details of the proposal have not been formally announced and the impact on significant revenue sources to local governments, such as personal property taxes and revenue sharing, is not known. As a result of the continuing uncertainty with the State's budget situation and other potential developments with changes to the State's tax structure, we continue to urge the Township to be very conservative in its estimation of state-shared revenue as this line item in the State's budget remains vulnerable.

The table below details state-shared revenue actually received by the Township over the past four years broken out by statutory and constitutional portions. In many cases, these actual receipts were less than initial projections received from the State. In addition, it details the total decrease in state-shared revenue experienced by the Township compared to the State's fiscal year 2001. The cumulative reduction figure of \$1,238,217 represents the difference between the three years subsequent to 2001 being at \$2,979,133 versus the actual amounts paid for those years.

				Change	
State Fiscal				from Prior	Cumulative
<u>Year</u>	<u>Statutory</u>	Constitutional	<u>Total</u>	<u>Year</u>	Reduction
2001	\$1,487,327	\$1,491,806	\$2,979,133	N/A	N/A
2002	1,283,280	1,507,003	2,790,283	(\$188,850)	(\$188,850)
2003	1,052,812	1,532,516	2,585,328	(204,955)	(582,655)
2004	807,701	1,515,870	2,323,571	(261,757)	(Ì,238,217)

We will continue to update the Township as developments occur.

Property Assessment Cap

As you may recall, Proposal A limits the growth in taxable value to the lesser of inflation or 5 percent. The inflation factor for this calculation is published by the State Tax Commission and is as follows:

2004	2.3%
2003	1.5%
2002	3.2%
2001	3.2%
2000	1.9%
1999	1.6%
1998	2.7%
1997	2.8%
1996	2.8%
1995	2.6%
1994	3.0%

Property taxes are one of the Township's largest sources of General Fund revenue. However, as indicated above, growth in existing property can be significantly limited due to Proposal A. This factor should be considered when the Township is performing long-term financial planning.

Also, as you probably recall, the Headlee Amendment to the Michigan Constitution limits the amount of taxes that can be levied by the Township. In general terms, if growth on the Township's existing property tax base exceeds inflation for a particular year, the Headlee Amendment requires the Township to "roll back" its property tax rate to inflation. Prior to the passage of Proposal A in 1994, during years when the growth on the Township's existing property tax base was less than inflation, the Headlee Amendment allowed the Township to "roll up" its property tax rate and recover from years when the property tax rate was "rolled back". However, subsequent to the passage of Proposal A and as a result of changes made to the State's General Property Tax Act, the Township is no longer allowed to "roll up" its property tax rate in years when growth on its existing tax base is less than inflation.

For the year ended December 31, 2004, the Township's Headlee maximum property tax rate for its operating levy was 0.873 mills even though Township Charter would allow the Township to levy 1.0 mill for operations. Because of changes made to the General Property Tax Act in 1994, this reduction in millage rate is permanent absent a Headlee override vote. Additionally, as demonstrated by a recent study published by the Michigan Municipal League (with the participation of the Michigan Townships Association and the Michigan Association of Counties), due to definitional changes made to the General Property Tax Act in 1994, the treatment of uncapped values or the "pop up" amount when a property is transferred or sold (as growth on existing property subject to the Headlee rollback calculation), the downward pressure on millage rates will continue, particularly given the significant gap that now exists between taxable value and state equalized value.

Refuse Disposal

SB 721 was introduced which would assess a \$3 per ton tipping fee at landfills, which could increase the cost of refuse disposal for local governments. The monies generated from this legislation are intended to be used by the State for recycling.

Health Care Costs

Two new accounting pronouncements were recently issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB 43 and 45 address the accounting and disclosures related to postemployment benefits other than pensions. In short, these pronouncements will require communities to account for and disclose liabilities related to health care promises to retirees, much in the same way that pensions are handled. Starting in fiscal year 2007, the Township will be required to measure its retiree health care liability through actuarial valuations that are to be performed biennially. These valuations will compute an "annual required contribution." The annual required contribution is the amount the actuary believes is necessary to fund the benefit over a period of 30 years or less. The Township currently has funds of \$953,000 set aside in the Retiree Health Care Fund to help offset this liability. We commend the Township for having the foresight to begin pre-funding this liability.

It is our understanding that the State of Michigan may be offering local governments the opportunity to participate in the State's prescription drug program. A presentation was made in September 2004 to introduce this program to local governments. While we have not evaluated the program, the Township may want to consider this option as it evaluates and continues to try to control its health care costs.

In addition, the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan (MERS) recently introduced health care plans for both retirees and active employees. The Township should explore various options in the area of funding retiree health care to minimize the impact on the Township's finances.

Municipal Finance Act Revisions - Reminder

The Municipal Finance Act was amended several years ago. Communities are now required to submit a filing once a year with the Michigan Department of Treasury. The old 10-day "exemption from prior approval" process has been eliminated and is replaced with this qualification process. This filing will serve as a pre-approval for future debt issues. The current filing is due within six months of the Township's year end (June 30, 2005) and is good for one year thereafter. The Township should consider the need to file a qualifying statement for each of its component units, such as the Building Authority and the Downtown Development Authority.

We appreciate the assistance and cooperation we have received from all the Township officials and the staff during the course of our examination. If any questions arise on reviewing the financial statements or the above comments, we would be happy to discuss them with you or assist in the implementation of any of the recommendations.

Thank you for the continued opportunity to be of service.

Very truly yours,

Plante & Moran, PLLC

Beth A. Bialy

Moly L. Dorle

Molly L. Goike